1	The Ergonomics Bridge: People & Business Optimization
	Deborah Read, Founder/President Ergonomics Consultant, Occupational Therapist, Fitness Trainer
2	Learning Objectives  1. What is Ergonomics, REALLY?  2. Learn the connections between ergonomics and: Lean/optimization/operations, physical and mental health (suicide), safety, DEIB, & sustainability  3. How to calculate <i>true</i> costs of injuries  4. Identify nontraditional metrics: turnover, absenteeism, healthcare spend, labor, productivity  5. Identify stakeholders (and gaps) of ergonomics  6. Learn examples of best to worst ergonomics strategies and tactics  7. Understand the full business case for ergonomics & begin to build a plan
3	Lean & Ergo
	<ul> <li>"Lean" &amp; "Ergo" Common Ground</li> <li>"A systematic approach to identify and eliminate waste through continuous improvement by flowing product around the pull of the customer in pursuit of perfection [for on time delivery]".</li> <li>"Multidisciplinary science (WW II) that examines and continuously optimizes the human-work interaction using a systematic approach to identify and eliminate injury risk and inefficiency."</li> </ul>
5	People at the <u>CENTER!</u>
6	
7 🔲	Shared MACRO Goals
8	Physical & Mental Health + Safety
9	
10	Silent Suffering 60-80% of employees are working with discomfort!
11	

<ul> <li>Exacerbated for minorities within a larger work group, e.g.</li> <li>Large, small, weak worker</li> <li>"Older" worker</li> <li>Previously injured worker</li> <li>Neurodiverse worker</li> <li>Worker with disability</li> <li>Worker with health condition</li> <li>Racial, ethnic, religious, or gender identity</li> </ul>
12 🔲
13 Top 10 Disabling Work Injuries
14 🔲
15 Sample True Total Costs Calculation
16 WC or Healthcare Spend?
17  Physical Health ↔ Mental Health
<ul> <li>"high prevalence of chronic musculoskeletal pain in the United States, with an average of 36.8 million initial visitsper year, or approximately 11.8% of the population."</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Silent Suffering or Diagnosed Injury</li><li>•</li></ul>
18 Physical Health ↔ Mental Health
<ul> <li>In that 1st physician visit, "patients experiencing newly diagnosed chronic musculoskeletal pain are prescribed opioids more often than other nonpharmacologic approaches"         <ul> <li>nonopioid medication 40.2% of the time</li> <li>opioids 21.5%</li> <li>counseling 15.2%</li> <li>other nonpharmacologic treatments 14.3%</li> <li>physical therapy (PT) [OT] least often, at 10%.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
19 Injuries or Chronic pain/conditions

20 Non-Traditional Benefits

What most don't understand

	When Ergo is Done Well (PDCA & C.I.)  ► Average Cost: Benefit ratio of \$1:\$45.50  ► Average payback period is 3 months
	<ul> <li>68% lower Workers comp costs</li> <li>65% reduced MSD incident rate</li> <li>75% fewer lost workdays</li> <li>53% fewer restricted workdays</li> <li>39% lower Cost / claim</li> </ul>
2	<ul> <li>▶ Absenteeism reduced 58%</li> <li>▶ Turnover reduced 48%</li> <li>▶ Labor costs reduced 43%</li> <li>▶ Productivity increased 25%</li> </ul>
22 🔲	<ul> <li>Ergonomic Design for Diverse Abilities!</li> <li>The small can reach</li> <li>The large can fit</li> <li>The weak can MMH without discomfort or injury</li> <li>Everyone can manipulate</li> <li>Everyone clearly understands</li> </ul>
23	
24	
25 🔲	<b>Example Savings Calculation from Ergo</b>
26	Package Handlings Problem
27 🔲	<ul> <li>Results</li> <li>Saves ~ 78.66 hrs. / yr</li> <li>Productivity Savings 1st year: \$9,630</li> <li>Receiving staff from 5 down to 3</li> <li>13% reduction in near misses 1 yr later</li> <li>583 days without a recordable incident &gt; 1.5 yrs</li> </ul>

3<sup>rd</sup> Party determined Payback Period: ~2 months!

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29 🔲	Wrap-Up
30	Pay Nowor Pay More Later?
31	
32	
33	<u>PRO</u> ACTIVE (PtD) Ergonomics is a <u>Business</u> Strategy: Systems, Process, Equipment, Culture
34	Stock Market Performance
	<ul> <li>Method: Stock market portfolio performance of CHAA winners examined using simulation and past market performance.</li> <li>Results: CHAA portfolios out-performed the S&amp;P average on all tests.</li> <li>Companies &gt; 350 score in <u>safety category</u> outperformed the S&amp;P with a return of <u>314%</u>, versus the S&amp;P's 105% (Figure 3).</li> </ul>
35	3-mo / 6-mo / 12-mo
36	Go Execute!
37	
38	Shared Outcomes
39	Lagging vs. Leading Ergonomic Practices
40	<ul> <li>Ergo Opportunities</li> <li>Pending move or remodel or re-design of facility (best practice)</li> <li>High growth (best practice)</li> <li>Low morale (best practice)</li> <li>System problem symptoms <ul> <li>Poor productivity</li> <li>High errors or quality issues</li> <li>Fatigue</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Upstream – Downstream</li> <li>High turnover or high absenteeism</li> <li>Workplace soft tissue injuries (worst practice)</li> </ul>
41 🔲	2021 Emerging From the Pandemic Survey
	Highlights of key findings, United States

• "27% [of employers] are offering tools or programs to improve the physical wellbeing

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of employees, more than double the 12% that were providing these tools in April 2020."

Willis towers Watson Jan 2021 survey of organizations with over 6 m employees